



THE SPANISH AMERICAN WAR



SPANISH COLONIES

Spain held overseas colonies since the 1500's
The Philippines, Guam, Cuba, Puerto Rico among the last of Spain's holdings in 1890's
Cuban revolutionaries led by José Martí begin a war for independence

- 
- Legend:
- Republique d'Haïti
 - (E) Parties de la Monarchie Espagnole
 - (A) Parties de la Monarchie Anglaise
 - (F) Parties de la Monarchie Française
 - (D) Parties de la Monarchie Danoise
 - (H) Parties de la Monarchie Hollandaise
 - (S) Parties de la Monarchie Suédoise
- Map labels include: Tropic du Cancer, ATLANTIQUE, GULF OF MEXICO, CARIBBEAN SEA, and various islands and coastal regions.

AMERICAN INTEREST

- **Martí had spent time in the US and built support for Cuba**

- **Spanish Governor Valeriano Wyler seen as a “butcher”**

- **Americans sympathetic to Cuban cause**

- **US (since Monroe Doctrine) wanted Europeans out of the West**





YELLOW JOURNALISM

- Major newspapers led by rivals William Randolph Hearst and Joseph Pulitzer battled for sales
- They relied on sensational headlines

THE YELLOW KID AND HIS NEW PHONOGRAPH.

A Farce, a Comedy and a Tragedy, All In One, Showing How, In Every Case, Murder Will Out, and Virtue is Its Own Reward.

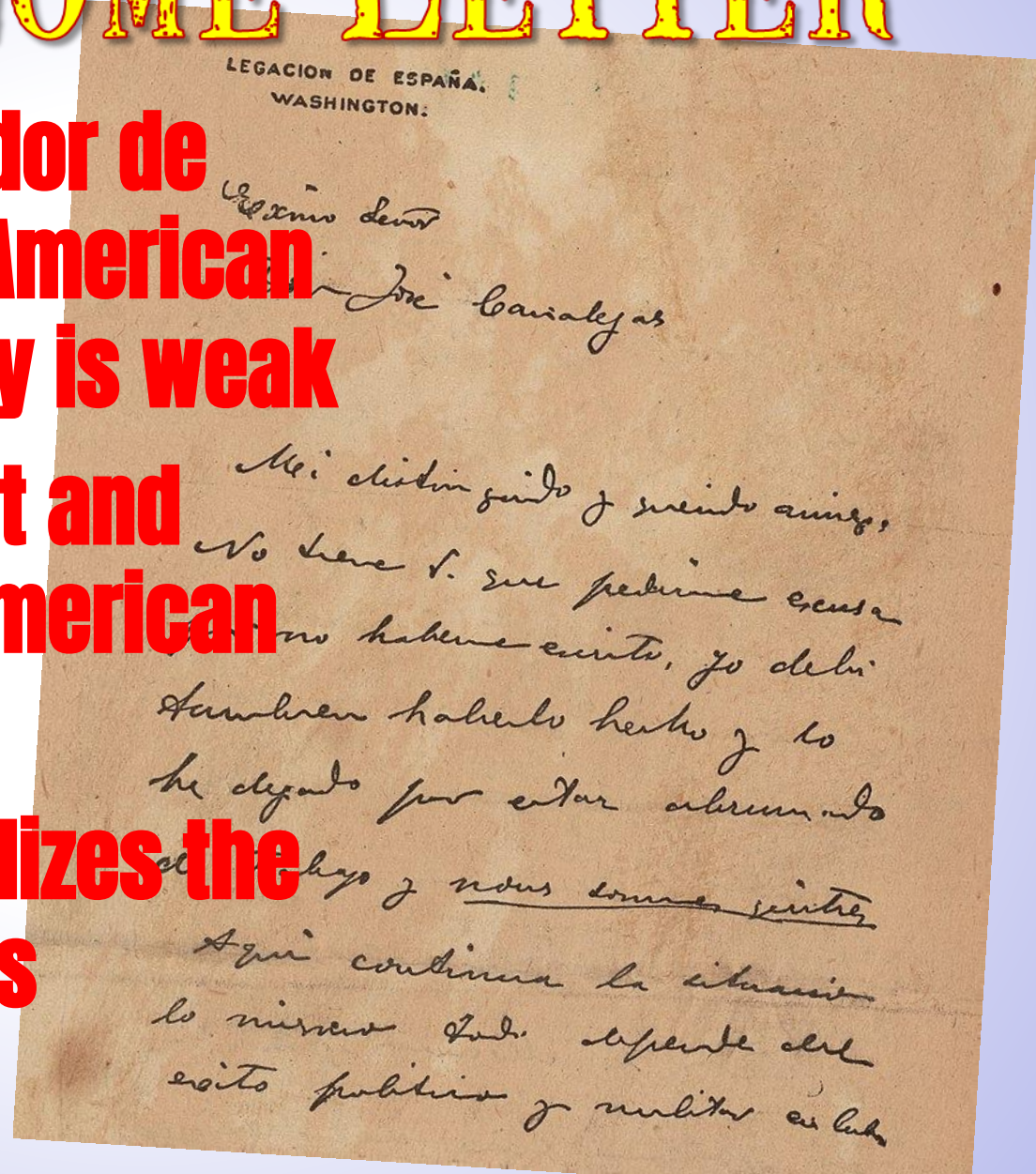


THE DE LÔME LETTER

- Spanish Ambassador de Lome writes that American President McKinley is weak

- Cubans intercept it and release it to the American press

- Hearst sensationalizes the insult in his papers



THE USS MAINE

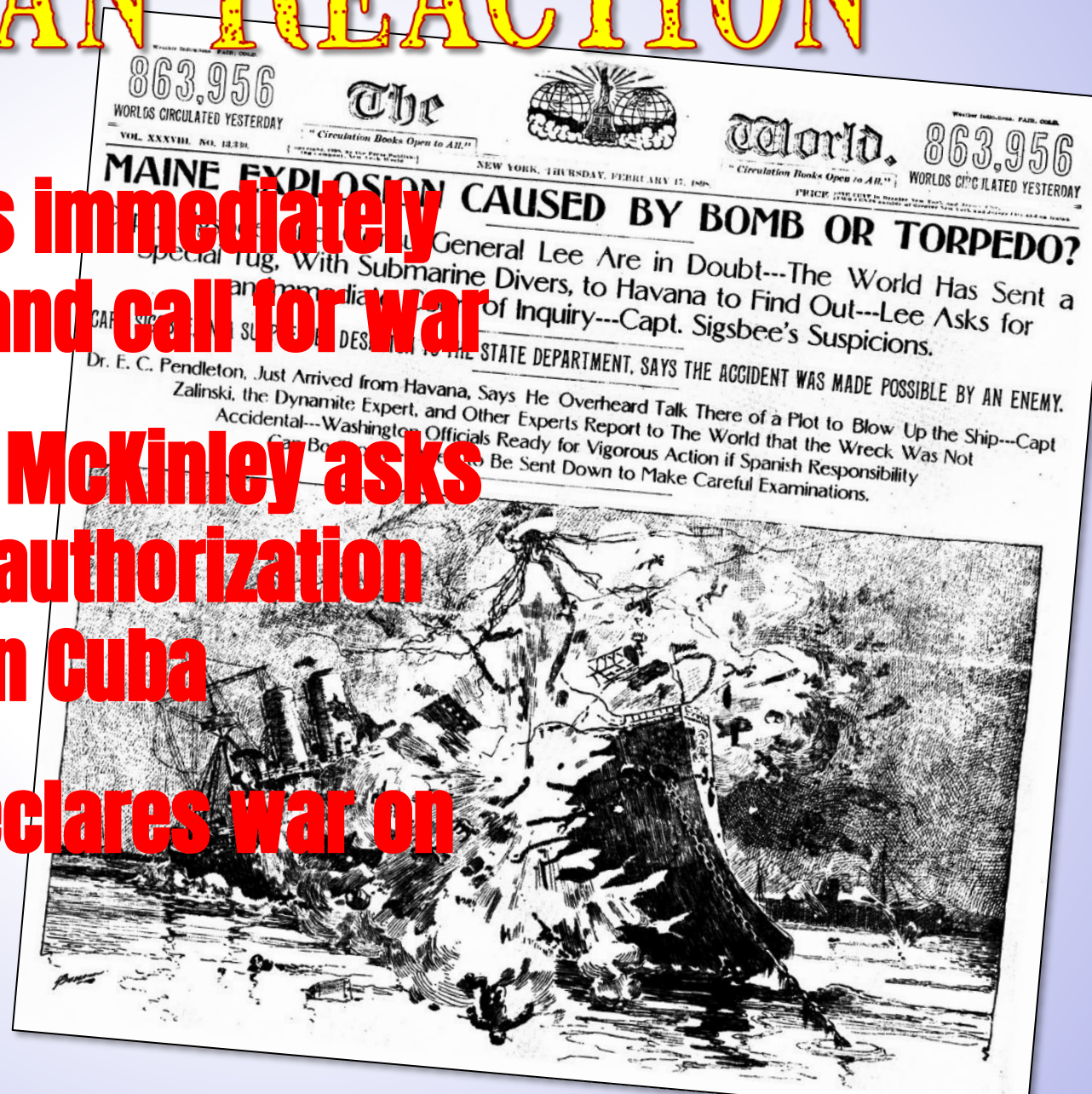
- **President McKinley send the battleship USS Maine to Havana Harbor to “protect American interests”**

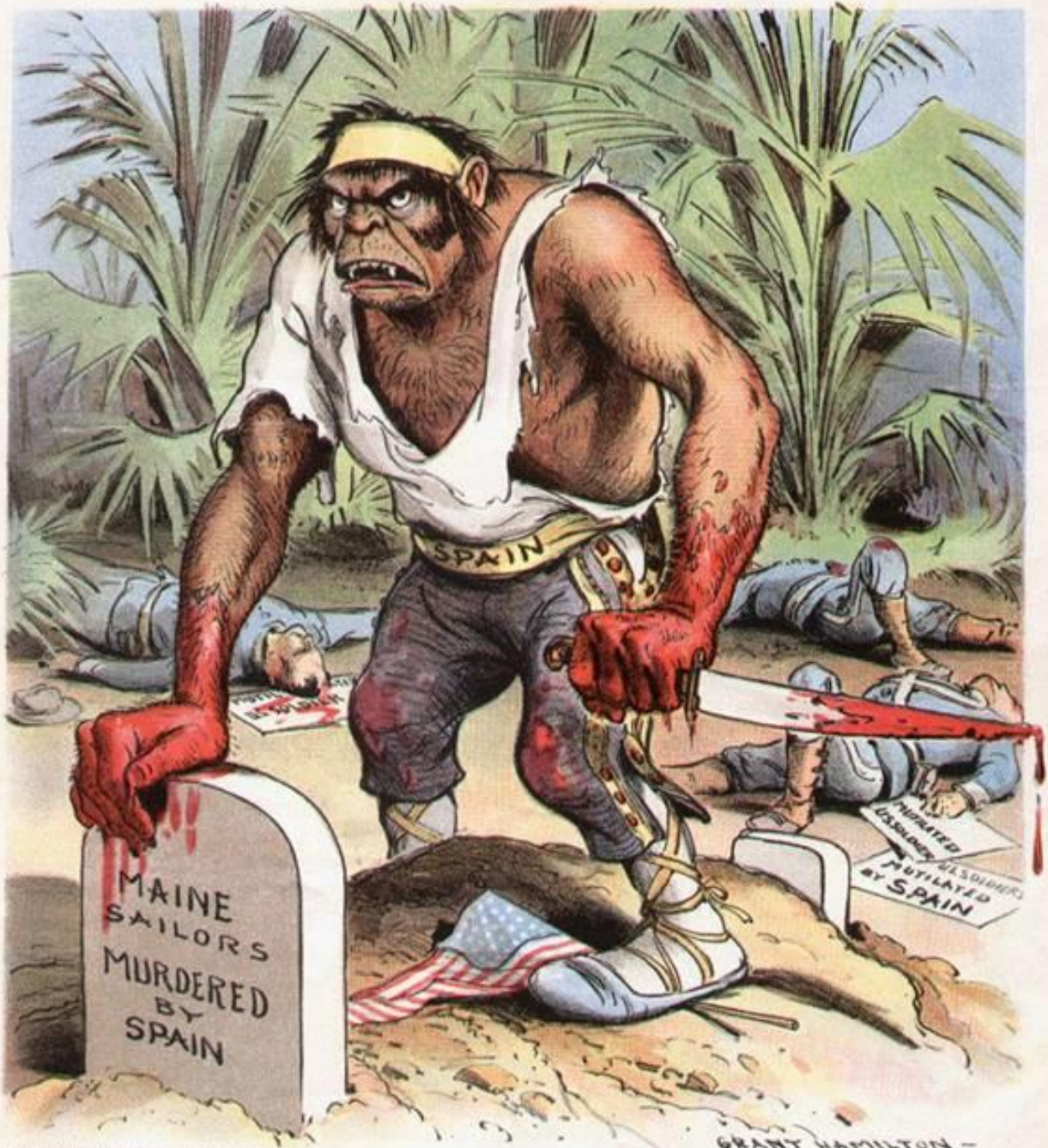
- **The ship suddenly explodes in February 1898, killing most of the crew**



AMERICAN REACTION

- Yellow papers immediately blame Spain and call for war
- In April, 1898, McKinley asks Congress for authorization to use force in Cuba
- Spain later declares war on the US



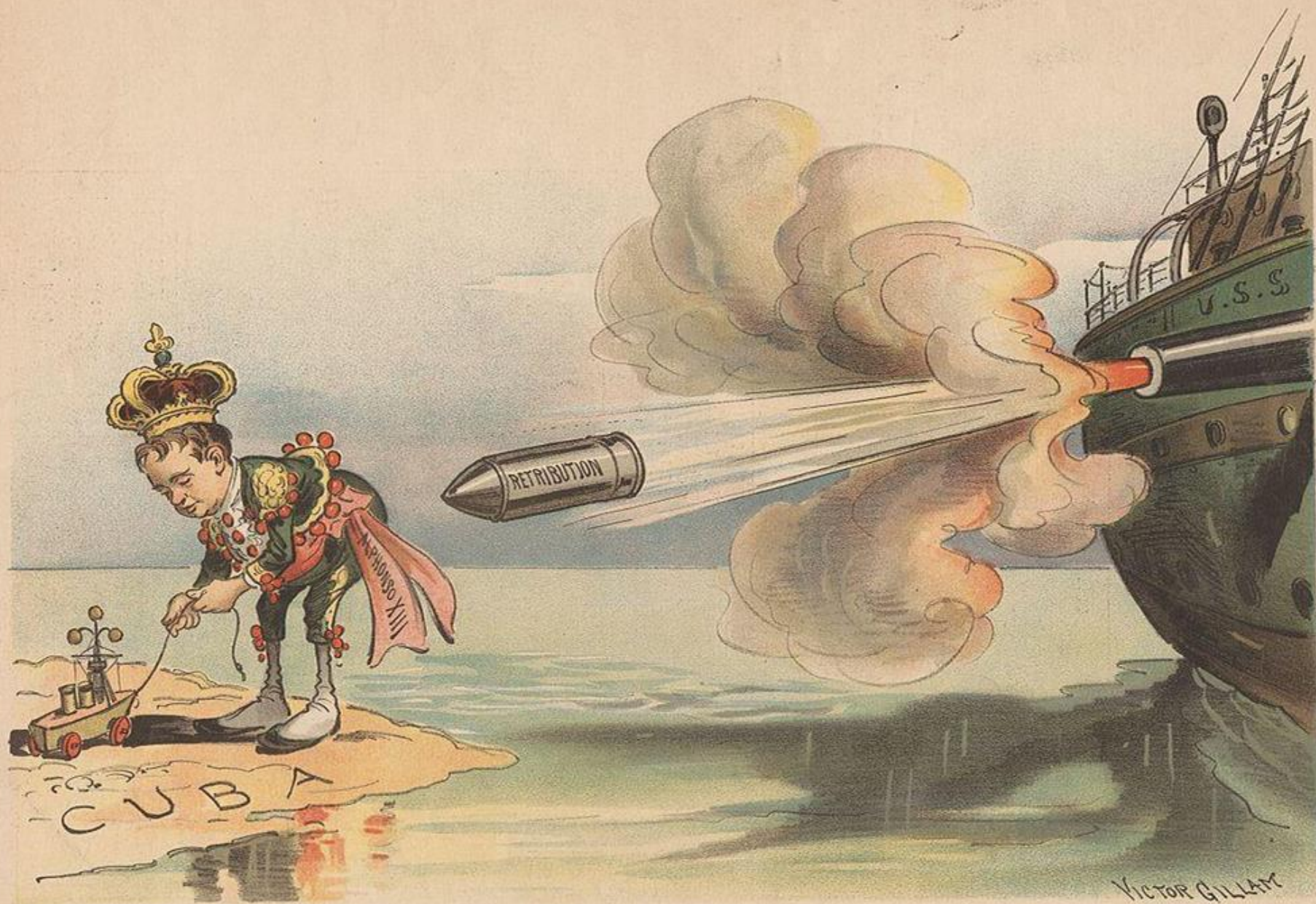


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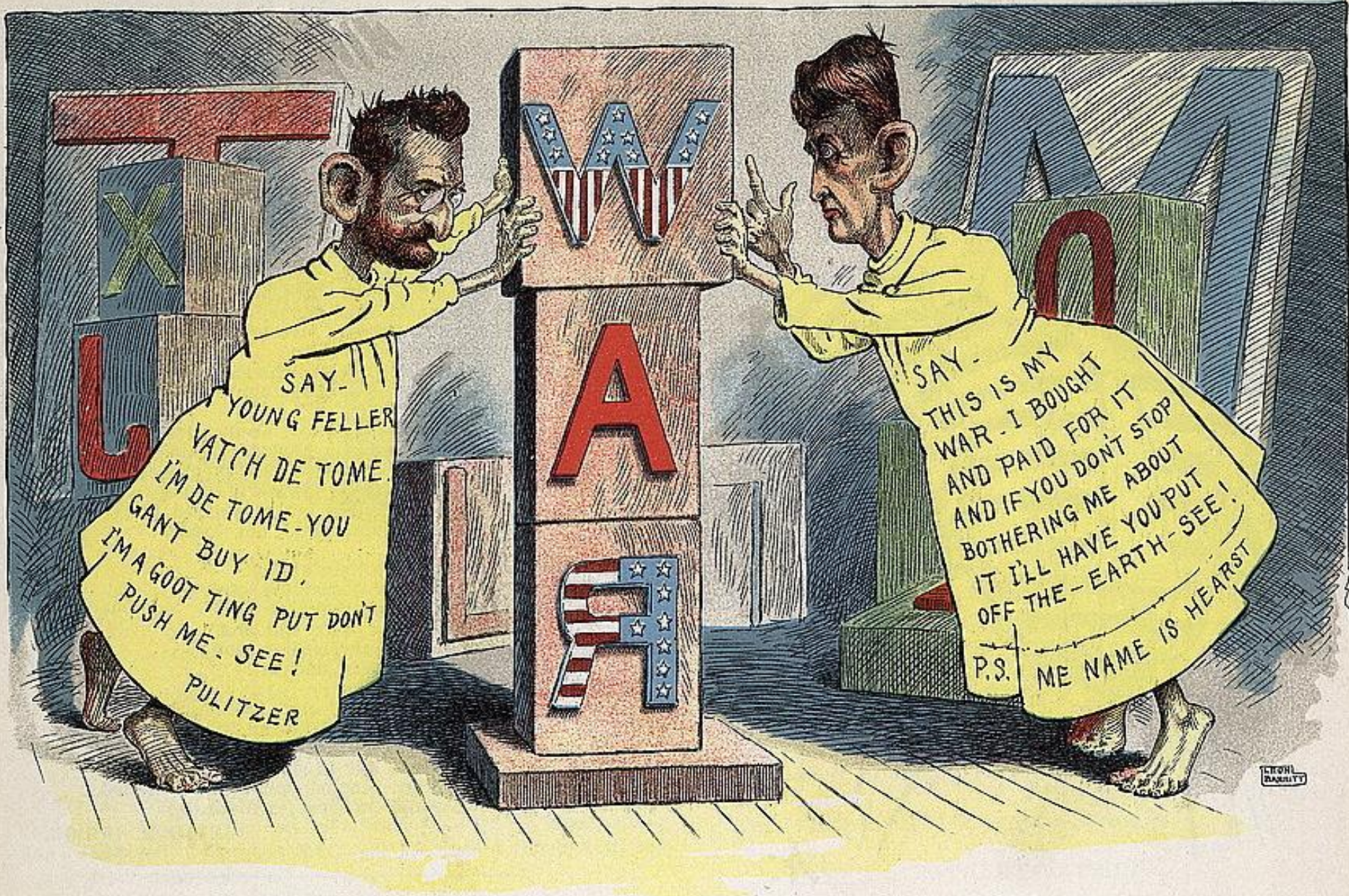
THE SPANISH BRUTE



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UNLUCKY "13"



SAY -
YOUNG FELLER
VATCH DE TOME.
I'M DE TOME - YOU
GANT BUY ID,
I'M A GOOT TING PUT DON'T
PUSH ME. SEE!
PULITZER

SAY -
THIS IS MY
WAR. I BOUGHT
AND PAID FOR IT
AND IF YOU DON'T STOP
BOTHERING ME ABOUT
IT I'LL HAVE YOU PUT
OFF THE - EARTH - SEE!
P.S. ME NAME IS HEARST

LEON BASKIN



WAR BEGINS

- **Commodore George Dewey leads American fleet to the Philippines**
- **US defeats Spanish at Manilla Bay on May 1**

VICTORY IN THE PHILIPPINES

- **Dewey enlists the help of Filipino revolutionary Emilio Aguinaldo**
- **Aguinaldo rallies Filipinos to rebel against Spanish rule**
- **Victory declared in June 1898**



WAR IN THE CARIBBEAN



- **US troops land at Guantanamo Bay in June**

- **Reinforcements later land at Santiago**

- **US calls for volunteers**

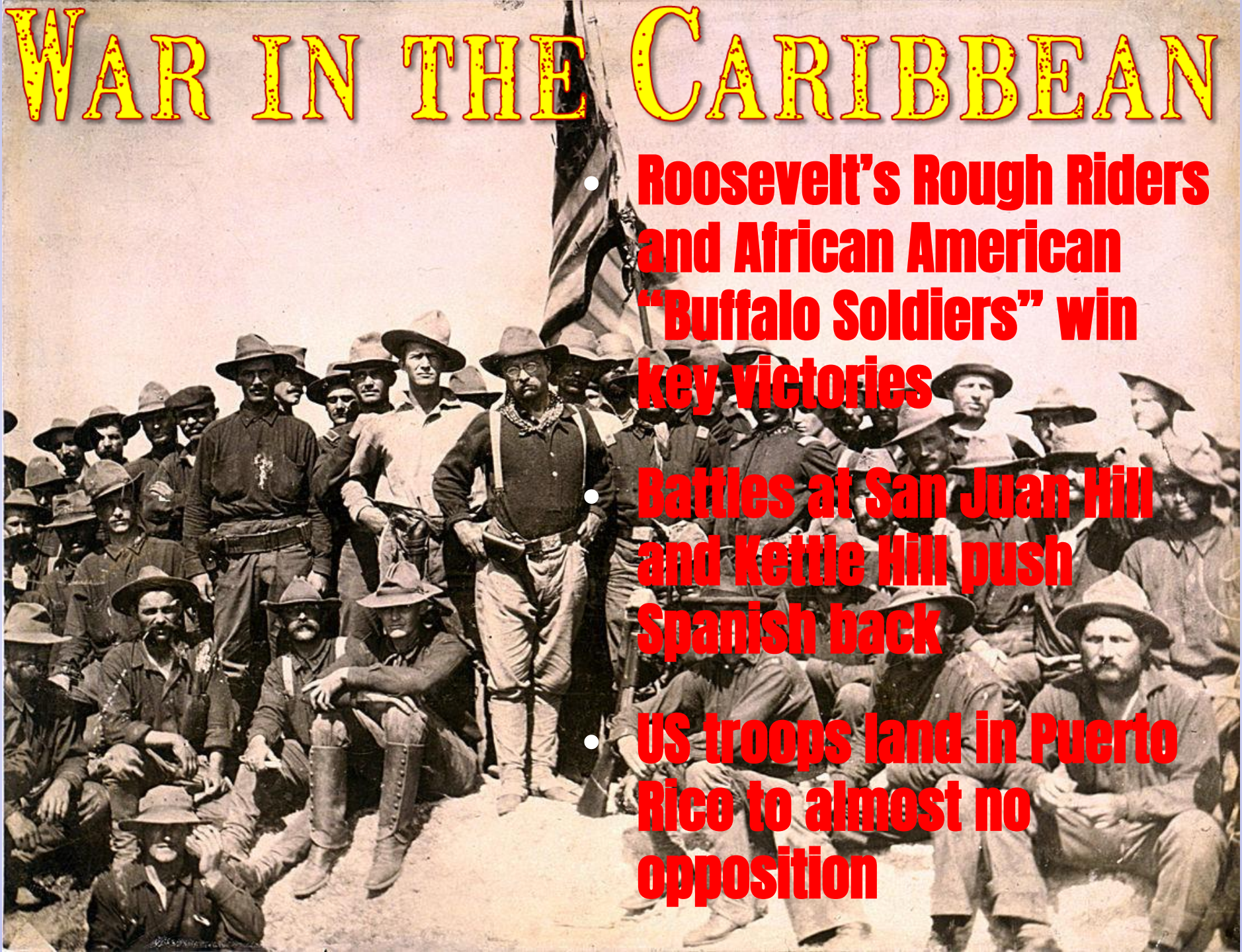
- **Theodore Roosevelt leads a volunteer cavalry regiment known as the Rough Riders**

WAR IN THE CARIBBEAN

Roosevelt's Rough Riders
and African American
"Buffalo Soldiers" win
key victories

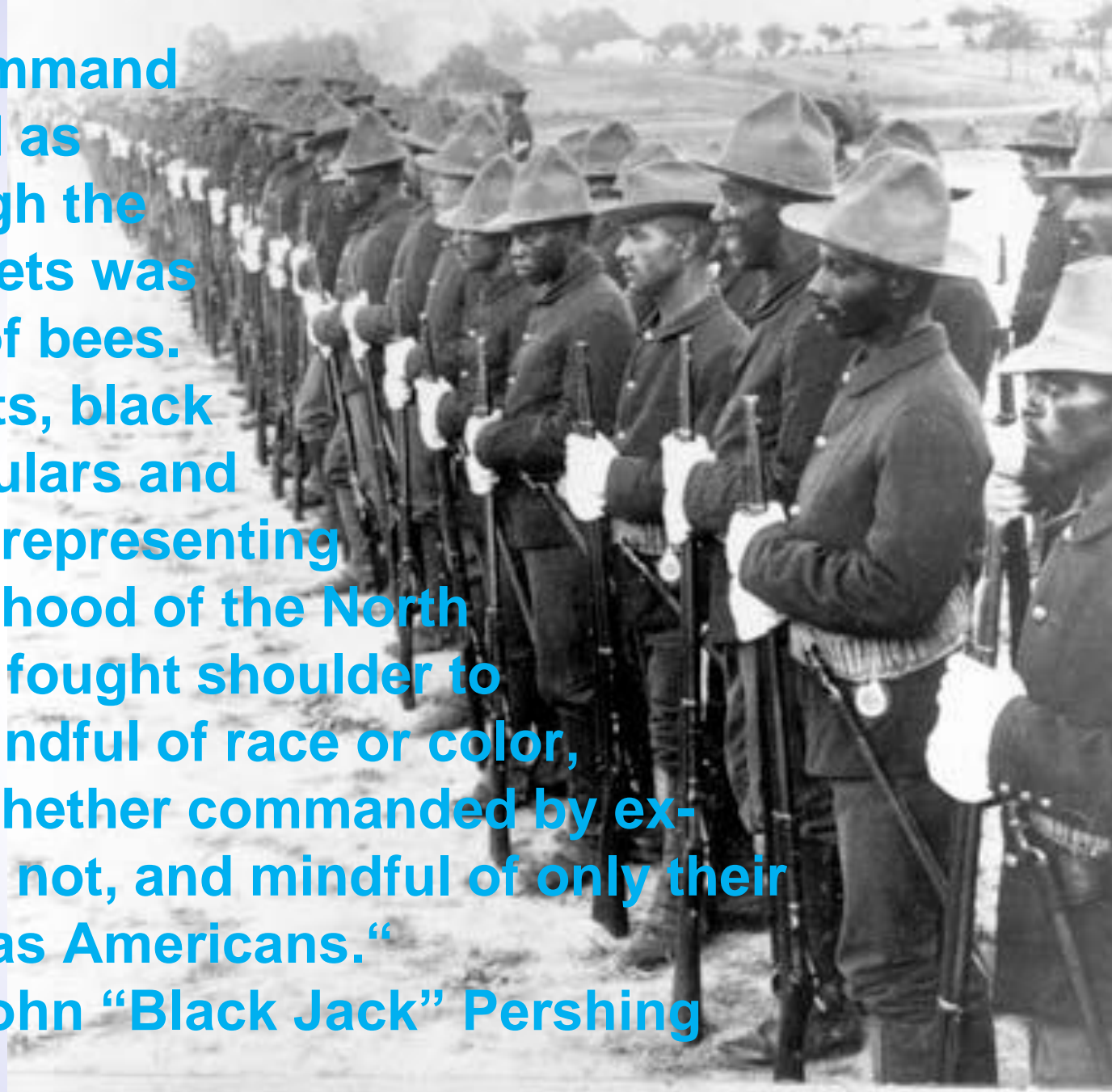
Battles at San Juan Hill
and Kettle Hill push
Spanish back

US troops land in Puerto
Rico to almost no
opposition



“The entire command moved forward as coolly as though the buzzing of bullets was the humming of bees. White regiments, black regiments, regulars and Rough Riders, representing the young manhood of the North and the South, fought shoulder to shoulder, unmindful of race or color, unmindful of whether commanded by ex-Confederate or not, and mindful of only their common duty as Americans.”

- Lieutenant John “Black Jack” Pershing



Some of our brave colored Boys who helped to free Cuba.
Copyright 1899 by J. F. Jarvis

THE WAR ENDS

The New York Times

With REVIEW OF BOOKS AND ART

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With REVIEW OF BOOKS AND ART

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1898.—TWELVE PAGES.

IS HUMILIATED

ked Favor to Russia as a Defiant Refuff gh Unbearable.

SBURY CENSURED

Papers Declare that fities Continue, "the l Go Off of Them— Other Comments.

12.—In the House of Coms Government leader, Mr. First Lord of the Treasury, ge the Government to pre- tion of the Franco-Belgian concessions in China. Our promised that in the capitalists purchasing rail- es obtained by French or ea in the Yang-tze-Kiang ty's Government will sup- them, both in London and and in all other legitimate al enterprises. Papers express the growing e country at the position Sa. ublic says: "If this state- and, the guns will go off of

correspondent of The Daily sees to divulge the terms of secret treaty between China, k. "It is nothing less than ance. China undertakes to s having a preponderating sions of commercial and while Russia will support all 'open door' demands. China in internal develop- grants Russia preferential areas, and railways built feets of the two countries sia's practical control. assist China in developing naval forces, and China th Russia as an ally. This in abeyance since Li Hung he Csar. That it has be- the present moment in Peking-Han-Kow and Niu- is significant." all's version may be trusted uch that had hitherto been e development of the ques- of the Hongkong and n London in the course of erday said: e Peking-Han-Kow line, obstructions and its cost- be built, Russia merely "land out." e fully upon the Berlin and

ERMINE FOR SECRETARY DAY?

Report that the President Will Ap- point Him to the Bench in the Sixth Circuit.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 12.—A special to The Commercial from Chattanooga, Tenn., says: "Secretary of State Day will be appointed United States Judge for the Sixth Circuit as soon as he resigns from the Cabinet at the close of the war. This was inferred from the most reliable authority here to-day.

"It is learned that several months ago Judge Tart of Ohio, the Associate Judge of the Sixth Circuit, went to President McKinley and made a personal request that another Judge for the circuit should be appointed. His reason for this was that the circuit embraces four important States—Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, and Tennessee—and that only two Judges are allowed, whereas other circuits not so large are given four or more. The work of the circuit, he showed, required an additional Judge. "The result of the conference with the President was very frankly and unreservedly stated. The President said he intended to appoint Judge Day to the place at the close of the war."

MACIAS REPORTS A REPULSE.

He Informs His Government that Three Were Killed and Nine Wounded at Mayaguez.

MADRID, Aug. 12.—An official dispatch has been received here from San Juan de Puerto Rico confirming the report that the American troops have occupied Mayaguez, the important town on the western coast of Puerto Rico. The dispatch adds that the Spanish garrison, consisting of a regiment of infantry and some guerrillas, with two mountain guns, commanded by Col. Teto, made a sally from the place, and during the engagement which followed the Spaniards had three men killed and nine wounded.

Some grenades, it is announced, overtook the Castillo band of insurgents at Cuevas yesterday and exchanged shots with the insurgents, who retired into the mountains.

LEE EXPECTS TO GO TO CUBA.

This is the Construction Put on His Giving Up His Richmond House.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 12.—Gen. Lee telegraphed to-day that he did not want to keep his house here for another year. This is taken to mean that he expects to go to Cuba this Fall and take his family with him.

ALL READY FOR PROSPERITY.

Secretary Long Looks for a Profitable Renewal of Industry.

HINGHAM, Mass., Aug. 12.—Secretary of the Navy Long had this to say of the questions on which, in his judgment, Congressional elections would turn this Fall: "I think that the old sectional feeling is anxiously and utterly wiped out. The

THE FLAG OVER HAWAII.

It Will Be Raised Upon the Arrival of the United States Commissioners—Great Preparations.

HONOLULU, AUG. 4.—The United States ship Philadelphia arrived here yesterday, six days and twenty hours from San Francisco, with Admiral Miller and staff on board. Admiral Miller has orders to confer with Minister Sewall, and until after the conference nothing definite will be decided as to the flag-raising programme. A conference with the Hawaiian Government will be held this afternoon. It is generally understood that the flag will not be raised until the Commissioners arrive, on the 17th inst.

F. M. Hatch has resigned his position as Minister to the United States.

The Ewa plantation, the best-paying sugar estate in Hawaii, has decided to increase its capital stock to \$2,000,000. The present capitalization is \$1,000,000.

The Japanese Intombito of 1897 has been settled by the payment of \$700,000 to Japan. In making the payment, the Government does not admit the justice of the claim or right of Japan to indemnity. The payment was made at the request of President McKinley.

Queen Lilianokalani returned to Hawaii on the 2d inst., glad, as she said to her friends, to be back in her own country, among her own people. She was given an enthusiastic reception by several hundred of her native friends. She declined to be interviewed. To her friends she said her health was good, but the trip had fatigued her greatly.

The United States transport steamers Rio de Janeiro and Pennsylvania sailed for Manila Aug. 2, and this morning the transports Paris and City of Puebla took their departure for the same destination. While the vessels were in port twenty-six measles patients on board the Puebla were cared for at the local hospital, but were removed to their vessel before her departure. On July 27 Isaac Strickland, private of Battery G, Third Artillery, died. He was buried under the auspices of the local Red Cross Society.

FIGHTING CHICAGO GAS TRUST.

E. C. Benedict of This City Denies the Big Corporation.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—A battle royal is on between E. C. Benedict, the New York capitalist, and the Gas Trust. Efforts are being made to purchase the Ogden Gas Company, in order that it may be used as a weapon against the Trust. E. C. Benedict, as President of the Gas Trust, contracted with the Indiana Natural Gas Company to supply the syndicate with natural gas. Then Benedict bought a controlling interest in the Indiana Company. When the syndicate side concerned in the original contract expressed its disapproval and the Trust is un-

BARBON

Me

WAR SUSPENDED, PEACE ASSURED

President Proclaims a Cessation of Hostilities.

PROTOCOL IS NOW IN FORCE

Cambon and Day Formally Complete Preliminary Agreement.

CONCESSIONS MADE BY SPAIN

Yields Cuba and Puerto Rico and Occupation of Manila.

WORK ON THE TREATY

Not More Than Five Commissioners on Each Side, to Meet in Paris by Oct. 1.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The plenipotentiaries of the United States and Spain having this afternoon at 4:23 o'clock signed the protocol defining the terms on which peace negotiations are to be carried on between the two countries, President McKinley has proclaimed

ties will be suspended fact will be given each Government military and na-

SIGNING

Impressive Ses First Eve

WASHINGTON

chapter of even- ing of the great hostilities was for rumors early in the French Em- bassy expected final in- these, upon inq- it was not until begun to come in

The State Dep- of the fact that transmission, but would be long, a occupy final in- left the Depart- 2:45 o'clock Be French Em- bassy par- tament to info Ambassador was note; was fully protocol for the pleasure of the

ated that the pleased to have- ducted in the

Kinley, where the Leaving the

own office, Sec- visit to the Whit- dent's wishes in immediately con- gation, and Mr- form his princ- receive him at o'clock.

At the appoint- prevailed, oblig- to carriage for

House. Secretary large portfolio, copies of the pro- to be issued by

titles, and of para. He was

- Cease fire called for in August
- The Treaty of Paris signed in December officially ending the war.
- Secretary of State John Hay calls it, "a splendid little war."

A SPLENDID LITTLE WAR

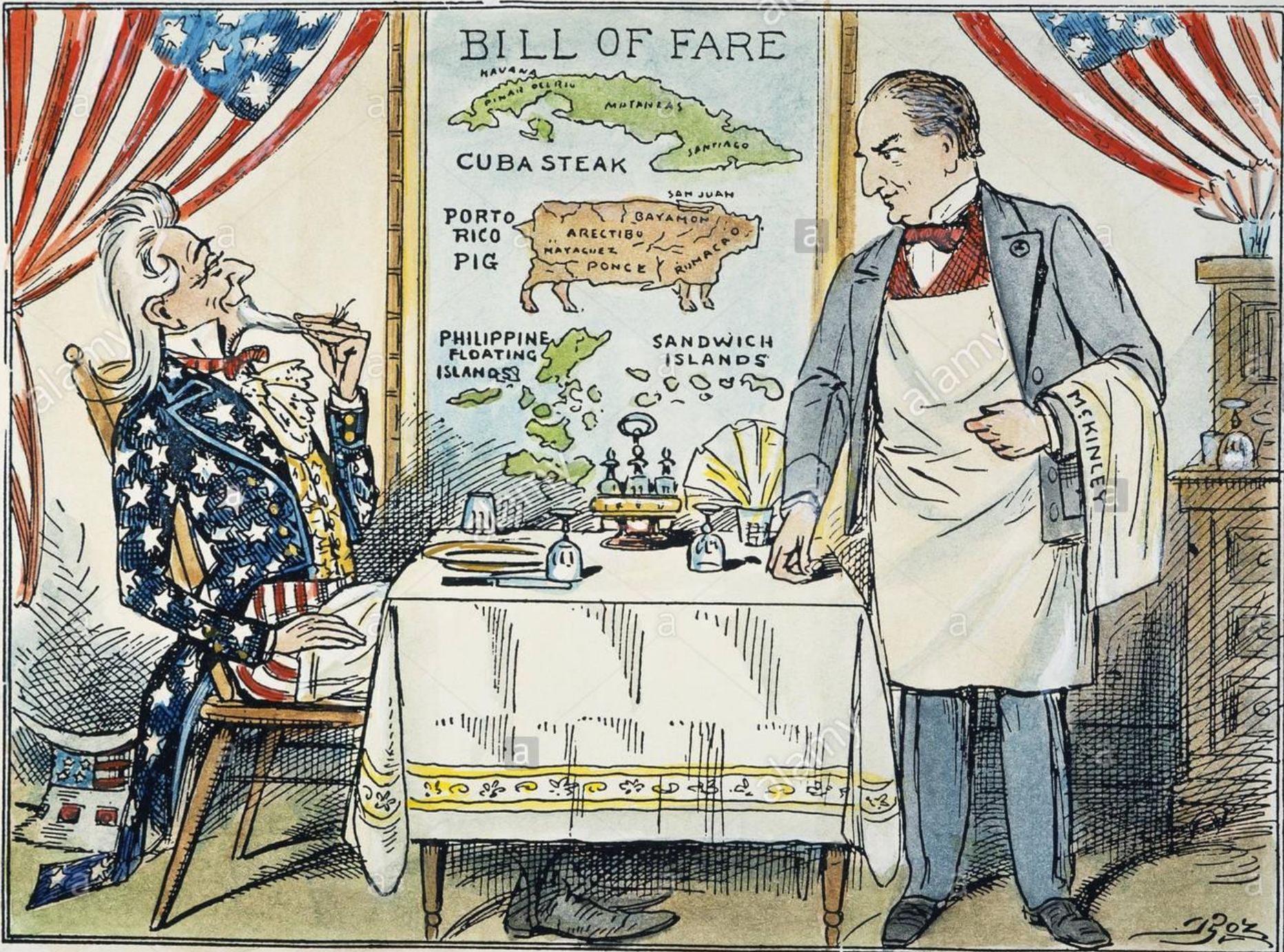


- Cuba freed from Spanish rule & becomes a US Protectorate

- Spain gives Puerto Rico and Guam to the US

- US pays \$20 million to Spain for the Philippines (but then must fight for it)

- US becomes an imperial power



WELL, I HARDLY KNOW WHICH TO TAKE FIRST!

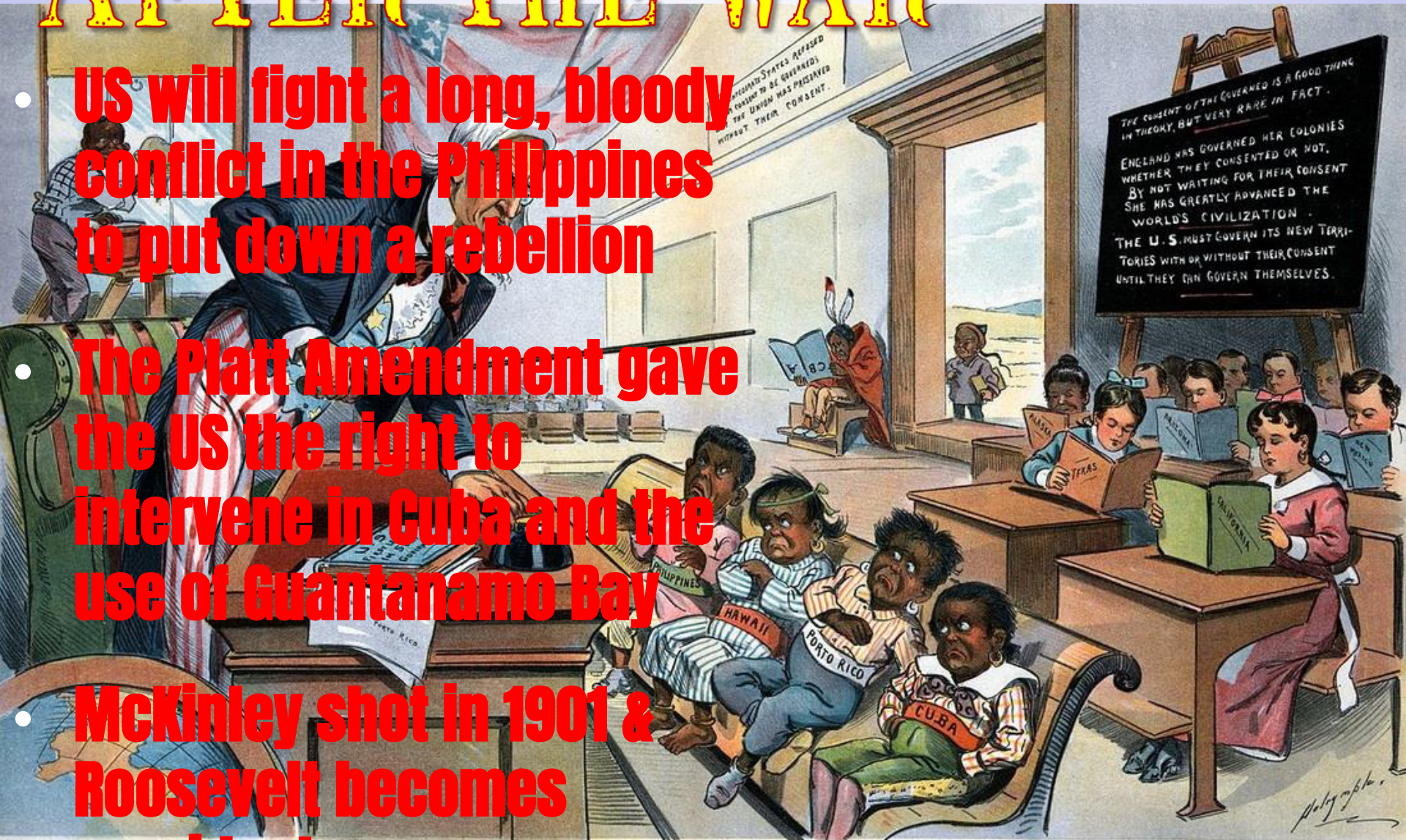
1902

AFTER THE WAR

- US will fight a long, bloody conflict in the Philippines to put down a rebellion

- The Platt Amendment gave the US the right to intervene in Cuba and the use of Guantanamo Bay

- McKinley shot in 1901 & Roosevelt becomes president



SCHOOL BEGINS.

UNCLE SAM (to his new class in Civilization).— Now, children, you've got to learn these lessons whether you want to or not! But just take a look at the class ahead of you, and remember that, in a little while, you will feel as glad to be here as they are!